

Every day counts

Should my child go to school today?

Conjunctivitis

Children **can** go to school. They will be encouraged to wash their hands to prevent further spread of infection.

Impetigo

Children can go back to school when their lesions are crusted or healed, or 48 hours after starting antibiotic treatment.

Whooping cough

Children should go back to school **5 days** after starting antibiotics. Non infectious coughing may continue for many weeks.

MUMPS

Children should go back to school **5 days** from the start of swollen glands.

Measles, Chicken Pox and German Measles

Children should go back to school **5 days** after the rash has started. Please let the school know, as pregnant members of staff may be affected.

Medicines in school

Children can come to school even if they are taking medicines, as staff are able to give them their medicine in school. Please make sure the bottle is labelled with your **child's name** and how **often** they should have it. Please discuss with your child's class teacher.



Headache, ear ache and stomach ache

Children with headache, ear ache or stomach ache can go to school – just let the staff know they have felt unwell. Give paracetamol and plenty of fluids to drink.

If headache, ear ache or stomach ache persists.....

Please seek medical advice

High temperature

Give paracetamol and plenty to drink. If temperature continues for **3 days** or more, seek medical advice.

After paracetamol, if your child feels better, bring them into school.

100% Whole Class
Attendance
Term One
2016/17

Coughs and colds

Children should be given paracetamol, plenty of fluids to drink and can be sent to school.

If your child is asthmatic, remember they may need their blue inhaler more often.



Flu and Swine Flu

Children should go back to school when recovered – this is usually about 5 days.

Not sure, ask for help
sore throat, tonsillitis and glandular fever

Children should be given paracetamol, plenty of fluids to drink and can be sent to school.



Diarrhoea and Vomiting

Children can return to school 48 hours after the last episode of diarrhoea or vomiting.

Remember do not go swimming for 2 weeks after last episode of diarrhoea.



Hand, foot and mouth warts and verrucae, athletes foot and molluscum contagioism

Children can go to school. Verrucae should be covered in swimming pools and changing rooms.



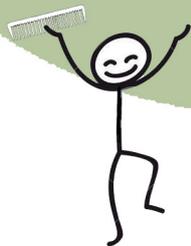
Scabies

Children can go back to school after the first treatment. The child and others at home should be treated as well.

Head Lice

Children can go to school with head lice but they must be treated for the condition to prevent further spread.

There is an expectation that parents will be treating their children and family members weekly by wet combing with a nit comb and conditioner.



Threadworm

Children can go to school when they have started their treatment.